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> 36th year

St.Martin'sTheatre





VOLUME III

here are two splendid art exhibitions on view in London in July which deserve especial attention. They could not be more different in subject but both are unique in their own way and on no account should they be missed.

Treasures from the Royal Collection is staged at The Openion. College, at Buckinghow, Polices. The Queen's Gallery at Buckingham Palace; Late Picasso at The Tate Gallery.

Those responsible for promoting Royal enter-prises are not noted for their use of superlatives, but even they say that the latest exhibition is the but even they say that the latest exhibition is the most important and the most beautiful yet mounted at The Queen's Gallery since it arose in 1962 from the rubble of the private chapel destroyed by a German bomb in October 1940. The exhibition also marks the culmination of the distinguished Royal service of Sir Oliver Millar, Surveyor of The Queen's Pictures, who retires the mently of the property of the prope

this month.

Among the 131 exhibits are masterpieces from all parts of The Queen's Collection, chosen for their historical interest and for their beauty. Many of the exhibits have not previously been seen in public and the exhibition vividly illustrates the contributions made to The Royal Collection by such discerning connoisseurs as Charles I, Fre-derick Prince of Wales, George III, George IV and Prince Albert. Among the paintings are celebrated works by Raphael, Holbein, Bruegel, Lotto, Van Dyck, Rembrandt, Vermeer, L Hooch, Claude, Rubens, Canaletto and Zoffany.

A number of the paintings have been specially cleaned and restored for the exhibition. The most important rehabilitations include the portrait of Erasmus by Metsys, now proven as the original work painted for Sir Thomas More, and the immensely moving panel by Pieter Bruegel, The Massacre of the Innocents.

Massacre of the Innocents.

There is also a spectacular group of miniatures from Holbein to Samuel Cooper. Furniture and works of art include Queen Charlotte's jewel cabinet by William Vile, a four-sided astronomical clock made for George III, George IV's roll-top

desk by Riesener, the finest Chelsea dinner

desk by Riesener, the finest Chelsea dinner service in existence, and a terracotta bust by Mazzoni which has recently been identified as a childhood portrait of Henry VIII.

Treasures from the Royal Collection exhibition will run until Summer 1989. Opening hours 10.30am-5.00pm daily. Sunday 2.00pm-5.00pm. Closed Monday (except Bank Holidays). Admission: Adults £1.20, reduced charge 60p.

The masterpiece illustrated here is the famous triple portrait of Charles I, painted by Anthony Van Dyck in 1935 to enable Bernini, who worked in Rome, to make a bust of the King. The painting was brought back from Italy in 1802 and bought for The Royal Collection by George IV 20 years later; the bust was destroyed in the fire at Whitaball Palace in 1681.



ow to The Tate for Late Picasso. The Musée National d'art Moderne, Paris, the Musée Picasso, Paris, and The Tate Gallery have organised this major exhibition of the painting, sculptures, drawings and prints which Pablo Picasso produced in the last twenty

years of his life.

Seventy-two oil paintings, three sculptures and forty-seven prints are included in the exhibition which was first seen at the Musée National d'Art Modèrne earlier this year, Initially Picasso's late works aroused great controversy, even among his most faithful supporters but reaction to the exhibition in Paris indicates that the public now regard the final years as one of Picasso's greatest periods. However, there are many who still find his grotesque images and complicated compositions impossible to understand. These people may find the explanation of David Sylvespeople may find the explanation of David Sylves

■EXHIBITIONS

ter, one of the organisers of the exhibition, enlightening. Writing of Picasso's late works in the sumptuous catalogue (paperback £14.95, hardback £19.95) he says, "... the glance of the figures resembles one of the ways in which caged animals look at us. Above all there is the overlife-size scale of the figures and the insistence placed on this by their confronting us so directly and challengingly - a scale made significant by the fact that the figures are not gods or demigods - pantocrators or madonnas, for instance -but people - some importunate, some indifferent - people we might find ourselves confronted by in a street market, a bar, a station, a brothel, a studio or a fancy-dress party, but who loom up over us here so that they bring us to a sudden and

apprehensive stop."

Late Picasso, which is sponsored by Global Asset Management Limited, is on view until 18th September 1988. Hours: Monda 10.00-5.30pm, Sunday 2.00-5.30pm. Monday-Saturday



aurence Olivier is not merely the greatest actor of this century, but perhaps of all time." This statement is made on the dust jacket of Anthony Holden's Olivier (Weidenfeld and Nicholson £16.00). The

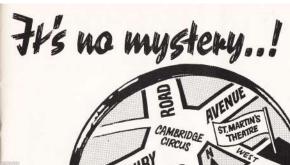
'perhaps' stops it short of being definitive, but it will no doubt have many of the theatrical giants of the past revolving in their ornate tombs. Some credence, however, can be given to the claim because of all the knights created since stage acting became a profession, Olivier, who was the youngest actor ever to receive a knighthood, was also the first to be elevated to the House of Lords, But it took Harold Wilson two years to persuade him to accept the peerage – Olivier himself did not fancy being a 'stuck-up' lord of the

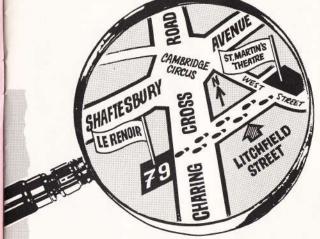
Anthony Holden has done a superb job with an exceedingly difficult and bewildering subject who in his astonishing 60-year-long career has soared in his astonishing 60-year-long career has soared to triumphant heights and known the depths of dismal failure. He has been stage and screen director, impresario and Oscar-winning Hollywood heart-throb. He has directed 38 stage productions, six TV plays and six films and was the founder of the National Theatre. His parts have ranged from Hamlet to Archie Rice, from Heatheriff to Republish these, a 19d different stage. Heathcliffe to Rudolph Hess - 194 different stage, screen and TV identities, but his greatest role has undoubtedly been the impersonation of Lawrence Olivier. His three wives, Jill Esmond, Vivien Leigh and Joan Plowright have all described him as a man always on stage, always acting. Throughout his long life, Olivier has played a complex character whom no-one, least of all

himself, has ever really known.

The author, who had scant encouragement from his subject emphasises that the biography is neither official or authorised, but Lord Olivier did give his own friends, colleagues and acquaint-ances permission to talk to him. Holden approached more than 200 of them and many spoke with revealing frankness and at consider-able depth. As a result *Olivier* is a penetrating, witty portrait, rich in anecdote, often flattering, frequently unflattering, of the son of an eccentric priest who brought him up to believe that acting was not an acceptable profession for a boy of his class, who nonetheless succeeded to the throne of the British theatre; and who proudly believes that one of his greatest achievements was learning to fly in order to conquer his fear of flying. That he wrote off three aeroplanes before he received his pilot's licence only adds to that remarkable achievement.

One's overall impression from the book is that on this earth there has never been, nor ever will be, anyone the equal of 'Larrie'. One has to look on a higher plane. Sir Peter Hall's comment on this particular aspect is probably the most apposite yet made, "I suspect," he said, "that God is rather like Olivier."





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ST MARTIN'S THEATRE

The St Martins Theatre was planned as a ompanion to the Ambassadors next door by the same Architect – W. G. R. Sprague. However, whereas the Ambassadors opened in 1913, the outbreak of war held up building on the St Martin's and prevented it from opening until

1916.

The Theatre was built for the 19th Baron Willoughby de Broke by the late B. A. Meyer and was under the control of his son Richard Meyer for many years. It is now managed by Maybox Group PLC on behalf of the present Lord Willoughby de Broke who is now the proprietor. The Theatre opened on 23rd November 1916 with a 'comedy with music' called Houp La! which starred Gertie Millar and George Graves, under the management of C. B. Cochran who was also lessee of the Theatre. This was replaced after one hundred and eight performances by a very one hundred and eight performances by a very one hundred and eight performances by a very different type of entertainment in Damaged Goods the first public performances in this country of the play. Several other productions followed until, in 1920 the management of the Theatre was taken over by Alec Rea who with Basil Dean formed the company "ReandeaN" – "always printed with capital letters at either end" as Basil Dean court of the company "ReandeaN" – "always printed with capital letters at either end" as Basil formed the company "ReandeaN" — "always printed with capital letters at either end" as Basil Dean points out in his autobiography Seven Ages. During the next five years a number of notable productions were seen, among them three plays by John Galsworthy — The Skin Game, Loyalties and The Forest — and Clemence Dane's A Bill of Divorcement. This play established not only Miss Dane as a playwright of note but also the young actress Meggie Albanesi who was to die in 1923 at the age of twenty-four. A plaque in her memory commissioned by Basil Dean from Eric Gill hangs in the foyer of the Theatre. Among other successes during this period were Capek's R.U.R., The Likes of Her and Frederick Lonsdale's Spring Cleaning.

In 1925 "ReandeaN" was succeeded by "ReandeO" with Alec Rea remaining as lessee of the Theatre. He continued in this capacity until 1937 and some of the plays presented during this senure were: Arnold Ridley's The Ghost Train (which subsequently transferred and in all ran for six hundred and fifty-five performances), Scotch Mist by Patrick Hastings, Sidney Howard's They Knew What They Wanted, The Queen Was in the Parlour by Nöel Coward, Berkeley Square, the White Chateau, The Silver Cord, Sorry You've Been Troubled, Petitioat Influence and Rodney Ackland's Strange Orchestra. Early in 1933 The Green Bay Tree played for one hundred and sixty-

three performances and in October of that year The Wind and the Rain started a West End run of one thousand and one performances (it transferred from the St Martin's first to Queen's and then to the Savoy). Man of Yesterday, The Two Mrs Carrolls and Heroes Don't Care were some of the subsequent productions in the mid-thirties.

the subsequent productions in the mid-thirties.
In 1937 Gerald Bright Enterprises Ltd acquired
the lease and Basil Dean returned to the St Martin's to direct both Autumn with Flora Robson and J. B. Priestley's When We Are Married which in 1938 began a run of one hundred and seventy-

in 1930 organ a trust of the indirect and severifive performances.

In 1942 Gerald Bright Enterprises Ltd passed their lease on to J. W. Pemberton and the early years of the Second World War saw the staging of years of the Second World War saw the staging of various productions. The most successful of these were Kenneth Horne's Love in a Mist and Rose Franken's Claudia. In 1943 J. W. Pemberton gave up his lease to Bernard Delfont who retained his interest until 1945 when the Theatre came under the control of J. M. Cook This last changeover took place when the Theatre housed a resounding success – Edward Percy's The Shop at Sly Comer which starred Keneth Kent, Ada Reeve and Cathleen Nesbitt and ran for eight hundred and sixty-three performances. sixty-three performances.

sixty-three performances.

Between this play and 1959 productions of note included: Penny Plain with Joyce Grenfell, The Rainmaker and two comedies by Hugh and Margaret Williams – Plaintiff in a Pretty Hat and The Grass is Greener. The latter starred Celia Johnson, Joan Greenwood, Moray Watson and Hugh Williams and it was during its long run that the Theatre once again returned to the direct control of the de Broke family with B. A. Meyer as administrator and licensee.

control of the de Broke family with B. A. Meyer as administrator and licensee.

A double bill by Hugh and Margaret Williams called Double Yolk, Inherit the Wind and transfers of John Mortimer's The Wrong Side of the Park and Synge's The Playboy of the Western World all followed together with the successful thriller Guilty Party produced by Peter Bridge, who also held the lease for several years. Since 1968 the heid, the lease for several years. Since 1908 the lessee has been Peter Saunders and during this time the thriller *Sleuth* was produced and before transferring had broken all records for the Theatre. Since *The Moustrap* transferred here on 25th March 1974 these records have again been

We gratefully acknowledge help given in the preparation of this article from Raymond Mander and Joe Mitchenson's The Theatres of London published by The New English Library.

ST MARTIN'S THEATRE

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36th YEAR AGATHA CHRISTIE'S THE MOUSETRAP

This production

Directed by DAVID TURNER

Decor by ANTHONY HOLLAND

Lighting by MICHAEL NORTHEN

The Theatre's own generator provides electricity in the event of a power cut and air cooling during very hot weather

The Mousetrap was first presented on 25th November 1952 at the Ambassadors Theatre where it ran until Satu 23rd March 1974. It was transferred the following Monday 25th March 1974 to the St Martin's Theatre.



THE MOUSETRAP and AGATHA CHRISTIE

When the late Queen Mary was approaching her eightieth birthday she was asked by the BBC what she would like to celebrate the event—anything from Shakespeare to Opera. Queen Mary said she would like an 'Agatha Christie play' and Mrs Christie promptly wrote a thirty minute radio production called Three Blind Mice. This was eventually to become The Mousetrap.

It was some years later when Agatha Christie asked me to lunch with her. Over the coffee the handed me a brown paper parcel and said, this is a little present for you. The present was the script of The Mousetrap and the one person who made no money out of it was the authoress herself. She had left it in trust for her seven-year-old grandson and all her royalties went to him.

When The Mousetvap opened on the 25th November 1952, Sir Winston Churchill was Prime Minister, Harry S. Truman was President of the USA and Stalin was Head of Russia. Meat, bacon, sugar, cheese, butter and margarine were still rationed. And every man and woman in the country had to have an Identity Card.

In its thirty-five years in the West End of London *The Mousetrap* has been seen by seven million people and if all these people stood in a line the queue would reach the Highlands of Scotland. The play has been performed in forty-four other countries throughout the world and has been translated into twenty-four languages and in the West End of London alone takings have exceeded thirteen million pounds.

In the West End two hundred and twenty-two actors and actresses have appeared in the play and one hundred and seven understudies. Sixty-four miles of shirts have been ironed and more than two hundred and sixty-two tons of ice creams sold.

It would be easy to write a statistical biography of Agatha Christie. She wrote fourteen plays; her eightieth book was published on her eightieth birthday in September 1970; more than four hundred million of her books have been sold in virtually every country in the world. In fact, in March 1962, UNESCO announced that Agatha Christie was the most widely read British writer in the world, with Shakespeare coming a poor second.

In 1956, she was awarded the CBE and in The New Year's Honours List of 1971, she was made a Dame of the Order of the British Empire.

But after an association and friendship with her lasting more than twenty-five years and halted only by her death on 12th January 1976, I would like to write a little more personally about her. Agatha Christie was very shy although this shynesse sextended only to strangers. Among her friends she was both extremely talkative yet a wonderful listener and was extremely knowledgeable on a vast range of subjects. A great Royalist, she nevertheless disliked pomp. Until a few years before her death she played tennis and could be seen with her family bathing on the beach at Paignton in Devon.

She went to the races (an annual event at Exeter was named "The Mousetrap Stakes") and was known occasionally to have five shillings on a horse! Her pride and joy was her great-granddaughter (middle name Agatha) and she very much favoured large hats.

She took failure as imperturbably as she accepted success. When, on the London first night of Winness for the Prosecution she received the greatest ovation I have ever heard in any theatre, she whispered to me, 'It's rather fun, isn't it's 'When he rext play was not acclaimed by the critics and I telephoned to console her, she merely said, 'At least I'm glad The Times liked it.'

One year she took all the major awards at a local flower and vegetable show, and when asked the secret of her success, she replied, 'My gardener'. She was as English as Buckingham Palace, the House of Commons and the Tower of London, and was certainly the most unforgettable character I have ever met.

Peter Saunders

36th Year

On 25th November, 1987 The Mousetrap celebrated its thirty-fifth birthday and on 30th November a completely new cast joined the production to mark the start of its thirty-sixth year. The eight current

actors and actresses bring the total num-ber who have appeared in the London production up to two hundred and production up to two hundred and twenty-two. The seventeenth director has now taken over.



ROBIN MURPHY Detective Sergeant Trotter



HELEN CHRISTIE



PAUL BACON Mr Paravicini



HAZEL McBRIDE Mollie Ralston

ROBIN MURPHY
Robin Murphy was born and brought up in Mevagissey, Cornwall. Schooling in Kent was followed by a year on the streets of London busking with a guitar to earn the money for drama school auditions. Then came three fondly remembered years at The Drama Centre in Chalk Farm. At Drama Centre Robin met his wife-to-be, the actress Carol Frazer, and they went on to become founder members of The Major Road Theatre Company which toured the length and breadth of Britain, with occasional forays into Europe, playing a variety of shows in an even greater variety of venues! TV, radio and repertory followed with a personal highlight being a number of thoroughly enjoyable seasons at Alan Ayckbourn's Theatre-in-the-Round in Scarborough. Here Robin played a variety of parts, as diverse as Clive in Rookery Nook and Konstantin in The Seagull and he enjoyed another European tour and the filming by the BBC of an Ayckbourn musical Men On Women on Men. Robin and Carol have two children, James and Madeleine, who luckily share their parents' twin passions – motor racing and travel! Having played a range of outcasts—from Richard III to Wilson in Orton's Ruffian On The Stair, Robin is relishing playing the part of Detective Sergeant Trotter. the part of Detective Sergeant Trotter.

HELEN CHRISTIE
Helen Christie was born in India of Scottish parents and is a licentiate of the Guildhall School of Music, in London. She has appeared in the West End on numerous occasions and among her best known appearances have been in the revival of Spring 1600 which was written and directed by Emlyn Williams, Amanda in Noel Coward's Private Lives at the Apollo and Fortune Theatree, which is one of her favourite roles, Anthony and Cleopara at the Piccaelilly, Traveller's foy at the Criterion, A Clean Kill with Rachel Roberts, also at the Criterion, The Bargain with Alastair Sin at the St Martin's, Ivanov, another favourite production with Sir John Gielgud and Vivienne Leigh, which also played a most successful season in New York, Cat Among The Pigeons at the Prince of Wales, The Constant Wife at the Albery with Ingrid Bergman, directed by Sir John Gielgud, two and a half successful and happy years at the Strand in No Sex Please, We're British, and most recently Helen starred in a very successful overseas tour of Fallen Angels and in a UK our of Present Laughter. She was in the first television series from Granada My Wife's Sister. Her other appearances include Cranford, Wives And Daughters, The Pallisers and more recently Hilary and Don't Wait Up.

PAUL BACON

PAUL BACON

PAUL BACON
Paul Bacon trained at RADA, won the International Theatre Institute Scholarship, and was appointed Artist-in-Residence at the University of Georgia, USA. He then went to Australia with a seven year contract as actor/director for Hector Crawford Productions and had his own TV show Bacon For Dinner and directed for the Australian National Theatre. In the West End his credits include the Chief Whip in Number Tena the Strand, Caesar Rodney in the musical 1776 at the Albery, Owl in Winnie The Pooh at the Phoenix, Professor Manchu Phoo in the musical Magic of The Young Houdini also at the Phoenix, Mr Pompinstance in The Magic Man at the Mayfair, Omar Khyam in Kismet at the Shaftesbury. He starred as God opposite Anthony Newley in their musical The Good Old Bad Old Days at the Prince of Wales and as Dr Dionisio Genoni in Pirandello's Henry IV with Rex Harrison at Her Majesty's. Last year he played Sir Cautious Fullbank in The Lucky Chance at The Royal Court. Recent favourite roles outside London include Sir in The Dresser, Don Quixote in Man Of La Mancha, Soames in Getting Married, Dame in Mother Goose, Howard in a new musical The Comeback and the seven roles in the daily TV Amserial The World Of Melanie Parker. Paul has a thriving career in the Voice-Over world providing the voices for TV and radio commercials, narrating documentary films, current events programmes and Audio Visual productions.

mes and Audio Visual productions.

HAZEL McBRIDE

Hazel McBride after graduating from Bristol University and performing at the Edinburgh Festival, began her career in Repertory Theatre. She has played a wide range of parts in theatre seasons including Hull, Bolton, Billingham, Sheffield and Windsor. A season at Bristol Oli vie was followed by a West End run of the musical Tarantara. Tours include 'Merg' in Little Women (Ashcroft Theatre, Croydon) and a tour with the Cambridge Theatre Company. Her most recent theatre work was in Stockholm in the thriller Who Killed Santa Claus? Hazel's favourite theatre roles include 'Honey' in Who's Afraid of Virginia Woolf, 'Mrs Elvsted' in Hedda Gabler and Yelena' in Uncle Vanya. On television Hazel played the part of 'Madelaine' in the BBC's Secret Army series, and was also in many episodes of STV's Take The High Road. Being partly Scottish she has also been in Sutherlands Law, Mackinnons and House On The Hill. Other TV appearances have been in Edward VII, Within These Walls, Dickens Of London, Tales Of The Unexpected, Van Der Valk, The Professionals and Rumpole. For American Television she played a leading role in Hart To Hart, in which she was quite often filmed on horseback. Hazel enjoys riding also rode in the BBC trilogy of Molly Keane's novel Good Behaviour. Hazel is married to Jim Mason who is artistic director of All Change Arts. They have two children, Julia aged six and Emily aged two.



RUPERT BATES Giles Ralston



DAVID BEALE Major Metcalf



KINNY GARDNER Christopher Wren



DEIRDRE EDWARDS

From the Guinness Book of Records

Longest Runs

E . J. Ny ...

The longest continuous run of any show in the world is The Mousetrap by Dame Agatha Mary Clarissa Christie, D.B.E. (nee Miller, later Lady Mallowan) (1890-1976). This thriller opened on 25th Nov. 1952, at the Ambassadors Theatre (capacity 453) and moved after 8862 performances 'down the road' to the St Martin's Theatre on 25th Mar. 1974. The Silver Jubilee performance on 25th Nov. 1977 was the 10,390th.

RUPERT BATES
Rupert Bates started off his career as an Assistant Stage Manager and covered all aspects of Stage
Management before getting the acting bug. He is best known to the general public for his
numerous television appearances, particularly with Rik Mayall and Adrian Edmondson on The
Young Ones and Cassia Pathy Rich. He has also appeared on The Lenny Henry Show, Three
Of A Kind, Give Us A Break, Happy Families, It Ain't Half Hot, Mum, all for BBC TV. Girls On
Top for Central TV and a number of Saturday Live shows for LWT. Rupert was also a member of
Noel Edmonds' Hit Squad on The Leat Late Breakfast Show. He played the lead role in the film
The Original Dream and on stage has played roles as diverse as Sub Lieutenant Granger in the
National Tour of Seaguls Over Sorrento to Joseph And The Amazing Technicolor Dreamcoat. This
will be his third appearance in the West End, the others being in Laburnum Grove and The Last Of The
Summer Wine. Rupert married in 1984 and has a daughter Angharad. He is a very family
orientated man. His hobbies are photography (he always has a camera around his neck) and
travelling, which he doesn't have much time for.

DAVID BEALE
David Beale, after National Service in the RAF, trained at the Bristol Old Vic Theatre School and made his professional debut at the Bristol Old Vic in Molieres Le Bourgeois Gentilhomme. He has had extensive repertory experience including seasons at York, Northampton, Birmingham and Harrogate and he made his West End debut in Mary, Mary at the Queens Theatre. other West End appearances have been in Poor Bitos, Hide-Our and at the Greenwich Theatre, Six Characters In Search Of An Author. He has appeared on television in Bread, Bergerac, Call Me Mister, Flip-Side Of Dominic Hide, No Place Like Home and his film credits include Minder On The Orient Express, Secret Ceremony and Dance With A Stranger. David's favourite role was as Andy Tracey in Lovers and the part he would like to play more than anything is the psychiatrist in Equius. He enjoys gardening, bird watching and walking and his main ambition is to keep working in plays he wants to do.

KINNY GARDNER
Kinny Gardner first hit the professional boards at the age of thirteen and this year celebrated fifteen years in the business. A talented singer and dancer, Kinny spent three years in the cast of Godspell, both in the West End and on National tour. He played Columbia in the Kings Road production of The Rocky Horror Show and recently joined the UK tour to play the very different role of Riff Raff for eight months. Other major roles includes MC in Cabaret, Jenny in The Theepensy Opera, Rossingol in Maret/Sade, the Punk Pirate in Pirates Of Penzance, Barry Kent in The Secret Diary Of Adrian Mole Aged 13¼, Pistol in Fallstaffs Revenge and a dazzling Mary Sunshine in Chicago. Kinny also created the role of Rudolpho the dancing master in Perth Theatre's Edinburgh International Festival hit A Wee Touch Of Class. He has toured nationally with the Scottish Mime Theatre, Kaboodle Theatre and the Krazy Kat Theatre Company for whom he is also co-artistic director. He trained in mime and dance with Lindsay Kemp and at the Martha Graham School in New York, Kinny has two solo shows under lisbelt, Identity and most recently Lancelot which was premiered in March 1987. He is a versatile Pantomime Dame, one of the youngest in the business, and last year was seen as Agnes The Cook in Dick Whittington. He puts his energy and vitality down to a healthy diet and clean living . . .

DEIRDRE EDWARDS

DEIRDRE EDWARDS
Deirdre Edwards, after training at the Guildhall School of Music and Drama, lived in France where she taught English and worked as a Courier. On returning to England she then, with two friends, set up Platypus Theatre and performed in schools and art centres. Since then, Deirdre has toured extensively throughout Britain and in Europe with various companies and was a member of Cheek By Jowl when they won the Laurence Olivier Award as the most promising newcomers. Roles played include Alison in Look Back In Anger, Elizabeth-Jane in The Mayor Of Casterbridge, all the women in Frankestein, Cleone in Racine's Andromache and most recently Masha in Chekov's The Seagull at the Sherman Theatre in Cardiff. Deirdre has played a number of parts on radio and is also a professional storyteller – having recorded several Morning Stories for the BBC and also romantic novels and children's stories for cassette. Her television work includes The Nation's Health for Channel 4 and the role of Kath in Ballroom for HTV. Deirdre lives in Shepherds Bush and embraces the "new age" approach to life and is a keen supporter of the Friends Of The Earth. One of her many interests is learning about different countries and their cultures and she hopes that her acting work may take her around the world.



Robin Murphy and Hazel McBride in Agatha Christie's "The Mousetrap" at the St Martin's Theatre. (1987/88)



And in the original 1952 production Richard Attenborough and Sheila Sim

THE MOUSETRAP

AGATHA CHRISTIE

Characters in order of appearance

HAZEL McBRIDE appears as Mollie Ralston

RUPERT BATES appears as Giles Ralston

KINNY GARDNER appears as Christopher Wren

HELEN CHRISTIE appears as Mrs Boyle

DAVID BEALE appears as Major Metcalf

DEIRDRE EDWARDS appears as Miss Casewell

PAUL BACON appears as Mr Paravicini

ROBIN MURPHY appears as Detective Sergeant Trotter

TIME: Agatha Christie time

SYNOPSIS OF SCENES

ACT ONE

Scene 1 The Great Hall of Monkswell Manor

Scene 2 The same. The following day after lunch

INTERVAL

ACT TWO

The same. A quarter of an hour later

LINKING MUSIC BY MONIA LITER AND HIS ORCHESTRA

During the interval a wide range of drinks is obtainable in the theatre bars

Litter bins are provided in all parts of the theatre for the disposal of ice cream and drink cartons

PATRONS ARE REMINDED THAT THE USE OF CAMERAS AND TAPE-RECORDERS IS FORBIDDEN IN THE THEATRE

SMOKING IS NOT PERMITTED IN THE AUDITORIUM

A THIRD OF A CENTURY OF THE MOUSETRAP

This souvenir book is a competely revised version of The First Thirty Years of The Mousetrap. It contains over 350 illustrations including a number in colour together with facts and figures on the history of the world's longest-ever running play. An additional feature is a year-by-year listing of some of the important events which have taken place since the play observed.

A THIRD OF A CENTURY OF THE MOUSETRAP IS OBTAINABLE FROM THE ATTENDANTS AT THIS THEATRE PRICE £2.00

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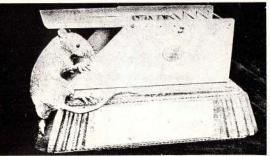
Keith Davies

The Management reserves the right to refuse admission and to make changes in the cast necessitated by illness.

In accordance with the requirements of the Greater London Council:

1. The public may leave at the end of the performance by all exit doors and such doors must at that time be open. 2. All gangways, passages and staircases must be kept entirely free from chairs or any other obstructions. 3. Persons shall not in any circumstances be permitted to stand or sit in any of the gangways intersecting the seating or to sit in any of the other gangways. If standing be permitted in the gangways in the sides and rear of the seating it shall strictly be limited to the number indicated in the notices exhibited in those positions. 4. The safety curtain must be lowered and raised in the presence of each audience.

London Theatres co-ordinate up-to-the-minute information about current and future performances in the following newspapers: The Observer, Sunday Telegraph, Daily Telegraph, The Guardian, The Times, The Standard, The Independent.



On 12th April 1958, The Mousetrap became the longest running production of any kind in the history of the British Theatre, beating the five-and-a-half years run of Chu Chin Chow. On that day, Agatha Christie presented to the Ambassadors Theatre this mousetrap (designed by Stanley G Morris) bearing the words: 'Presented to the Ambassadors Theatre by Agatha Christie, in grateful commemoration of the run of The Mousetrap 25th November 1952 _________'. This is on show in the foyer of that theatre.

CHARLTON HESTON

answers



- Which is your favourite theatre? At the moment, the Savoy.
- 2. What are your favourite plays? Aside from A Man For All Seasons, Macbeth, Anthony& Cleopatra and Long Day's Journey Into Night.
- 3. What are your favourite films? Citizen Kane, Henry V and Bridge Over The River Kwai.
- 4. Which film in which you have appeared is your favourite? Will Penny or Khartoum.
- What is your earliest recollection? Picking up firewood.
- 6. What is your favourite sport? Tennis.

- 7. What would you do to make London brighter? Put on more plays.
- 8. What is your ideal holiday? I don't take many.
- Where do you like buying your clothes? I don't like buying clothes.
- 10. Which are your favourite restaurants? Here in London, The White Elephant, Gavroche and the Dorchester Grill.
- What is your favourite dish? Grilled steak.
- 12. What is your greatest ambition?
 To get it right . . . one time.
- 13. What are your favourite hobbies? Drawing.
- 14. What is your favourite quotation? 'Whatsoever thy hard findeth to do, therefore do it with all thy might'.
- 15. What would you do if you were Prime Minister for a day?
 I've been an English King, and English General and an English Saint. They wouldn't let me be Prime Minister. Besides, I like the one you've got.
- What is your pet aversion? Tardiness and smoking.
- 17. What, if you were not an actor, would you most like to be?
 A world class tennis player or a set designer.



Certificate

DAVID RAVEN

MOST DURABLE ACTOR

ROLE OF MAJOR METCALF IN

'THE MOUSETRAP'

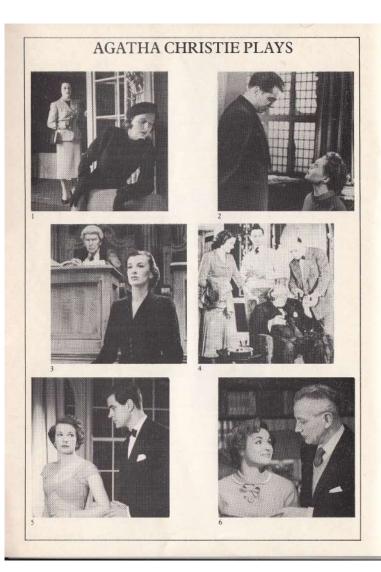
4,575 PERFORMANCES

22 JUL 1957 - 23 NOV 1968

ALAN RUSSELL Editor



"They told me that if I wanted the world to beat a path to my door, I ought to write a better 'Mousetrap'."



PRESENTED BY PETER SAUNDERS







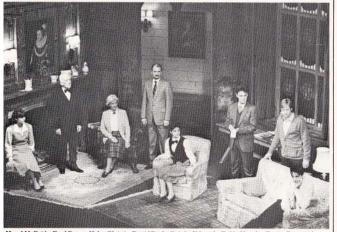




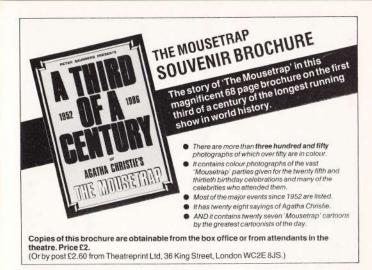
- 1 Beryl Baster and Joan Newell in The Holline, Fortune Theatre 1951.
 2 Richard Artechnorough and Shelis Simin the original production of The Monorough, Arthressadors Theatre 1952.
 3 Percy Marmont and Patricis Josed in Winness for the 4 Magnett Lockwood, Mysk Bason, Harold Sovrat and Felix Aydmertin Spaider Web, Seroy Theatre 1954.
 5 Gween Chercell and Geurge Blaher in Totarach Zong, St James's Theatre 1956.
 6 Moria Redmedia and Geurge Blaher in Totarach Zong, St James's Theatre 1956.
 7 Benne Abarterium and Naged Stock in The Unexpected Guest, 1862.
 8 Lisa Daniely, Margos Boord, Anthony Mardowe and Ann Firbask in Gelkack For March, Duches: Theatre 1960.
 9 Raymond Bowers, Berty McDowall and David Langton, in Role of Theat, Duches: Theatre 1962.
 10 Particia Brahe, Miss Madosi, Barbus Phon, Christopher Scouler, Edenna Vouncellant 1962.
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Paul Bacon, Helen Christie, Rupert Bates, Robin Murphy, Deirdre Edwards and David Beale in Agatha Christie's "The Mousetrap" at the St Martin's Theatre. (1987/88)



Hazel McBride, Paul Bacon, Helen Christie, David Beale, Deirdre Edwards, Robin Murphy, Rupert Bates and Kinny Gardner in Agatha Christie's "The Mousetrap" at the St Martin's Theatre. (1987/88)





THE DORCHESTER IS REVIVING A GREAT BRITISH TRADITION.

Of all the lost British Institutions, supper is the one we, at The Dorchester, most sadly miss

Less formal, less expensive and a touch lighter than dinner, supper is a time for friendly gatherings. A time for pleasant late night conversations, and for relaxed enjoyment.

So we decided that it was time to revive the tradition.

We have, therefore, devised an entire menu of special supper dishes that must be tasted to be believed.

Pre-theatre supper is served in the comfort of the beautiful Dorchester Bar to the strains of our resident planist from 5.30p.m. or in the grandeur of The Grill Room from 6.00p.m.

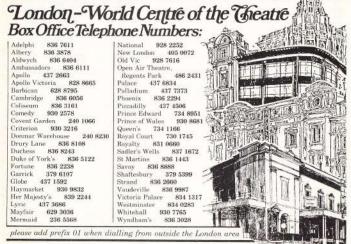
Or if you wish to dine after theatre, supper is served until 11.45 p.m. in The Bar.

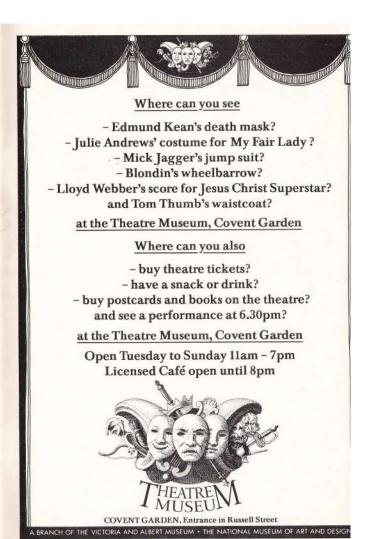
We shall look forward to seeing you.

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NEW YORK NOTES

ow that the artificial fog has cleared from the stage of the Minskoff Theatre two emotions have surfaced. One is relief.

emotions have surfaced. One is reiner.

Last year, in a nadir for the indigenous American theatre, nearly two-thirds of the Antoniette Perry Awards (the Tonys) went to British imported shows. This year, of nineteen competitive awards the British took only eight, seven going to that international phenomenon, The Phanton of the Opera. Even better news for America is that the competition was so strong in the Best Play category that the four nominees, all bomegrown, edged out another four equally deserving possibilities only one of which, Breaking the Code, was imported.

This is all important because, without sufficient

This is all important because, without sufficient first-rate new what we have come to call product the Broadway and, not so incidentally, the West End would wither. No theatrical community – producers or consumers – can survive on an unvarying indigestible diet of old musicals, safe revivals, mindless farces and imports. But a year ago that seemed to be where Broadway was heading and, except for the subsidised theatres, where London's West End seems to be

So the temporary occupation of Broadway, which was in any event mostly an invasion by the massed armics of Andrew Lloyd-Webber and Cameron Macintosh (yes, yes, I remember Les Liaisons Dangereuses and Les Miserables but they were both the children of subsidised, not commercial managements) is over. What this year's Tonys prove is that Broadway has rediscovered itself.

overed itself.

But has it? The Tonys, remember, are awarded for achievements in one of 38 eligible Broadway theatres and nominated by a committee of venerable, if a touch elderly, actors, writers, producers and designers. The 76 nominations, (four per category, nineteen categories) are then voted on by 730 theatre professionals all regularly employed (when there is work to be had) in the Broadway theatre.

And now, the democratic process having

And now, the democratic process having worked yet again, there is much well deserved celebration and congratulation to be heard in the land, for an artistic and commercial season of quality unparalleled in recent years. But amid the post-Tony euphorics you will find pockets f the second emotion.

Hal Prince has now won sixteen Tonys, more than any other individual. His first, for The Pyjama Game, was 34 years ago. The latest, for mis direction of The Phantom of the Opera, was on June 5th. So, when Hal Prince talks about the American theatre, everybody seriously interested in its past and future had better listen. And his message, after the Tonys, was a sober one. He pointed out that this years' winners were drawn from a tiny field, a total of 32 openings in a 52 week year. "When I was young," he said, "there were five or ten a week". Where, he wanted to know, are the opportunities for today's young directors, writers, composers? If present trends continue, not on Broadway.

All his listeners know that, in today's Broadway or West End commercial theatre, where the economics militate against anything small-scale or uninternational or slow to find its audience, the limitless horizon of live theatre has been reduced to a few blockbusters.

So the second emotion floating around the New York theatre right now is . . . fear of obsolesc-

he signal that the British invasion of Broadway is over was underlined by the fact that all four plays nominated in the Best Play category for the Tonys were written by Americans and, in the wake of the Carrie and Chess disasters, Phantom was the only British entry in the Best Musical stakes.

the Best Musical stakes.

Nominated for the Best Book of the Musical,

The Gospel at Colonus at the Lunt-Fontanne
Theatre is a holy marriage between the sacred
and the profane, between Sophocles' Oedipus at

Colonus and a black Pentacostal church service.

The story of Oedipus' old age and death is

The story of Ogdipus' old age and death is acted out in song and story by a stageful of gospel singers from a dozen different groups. It is unified by a preacher/narrator (Morgan Freeman) and directed by Lee Breuer who wrote both book and bries.

lyrics.

Many of the singers are, like Oedipus, blind, and once the connection has been established (at one point an entire choir of blind singers repre-



sents Oedipus) they each need a minder to ensure they don't fall off an overcrowded stage fraught with obstacles. This awkward leading around, not surprisingly, does put a crimp in the sponta-neous exuberance. While one is, of course, in favour of hiring the handicapped and while their disability certainly doesn't disqualify them from singing, directing them to dance is clearly a hazard to their health and all a bit off-putting to the rest of us who can see the dangers

There's one group in blinding white and another in bright blue complete with matching gloves. Then there's a set in hot pink and one in mustard and that's only the men. The women wear an collection of Greco-Roman Africaninspired togas decorated with sequins and lamé

The evening lurches from majesty to vulgarity as quickly as it turns from profundity to triviality. Some of it is awkward and absurd. Some of it is overblown and risible. But there are moments of

great power.

And what a way to teach children the classics. If Brener wants to make fairly obscure points by If Breuer wants to make larry obscure points by drawing parallels between the pagan and Christ-ian traditions, good luck to him. All I could think of was that a whole audience gets exposed to Sophocles, every good gospel singer in America gets work and whoever had the lamé concession for this production gets to be a millionaire.

lthough Derek Jacobi was nominated for Best Actor, the play in which he gave his brilliant performance. Breaking the Code, was not. But, like Breaking the Code, one of the nominated plays is based on a true story.

When US chief arms negotiator, Paul Nitze.

and his Soviet opposite number were at an impasse in the 1983 Geneva arms talks, they decided to clear their heads by taking a walk in the woods without their aides or entourages. It

ould become an historic event.

During that stroll, the two envoys worked through the sticking points and returned to the conference table having agreed on concessions far more radical than their respective governments had been willing to offer. Eventually, their conclusions would form the basis for the Intermediate Nuclear Forces agreement signed last year in Washington by President Reagan and First

Secretary Gorbachev.

But what did they actually say to one another? How did the great outdoors effect such monumen-tal changes? Clearly Lee Blessing has wondered too and his fictionalized musings on this precedent-breaking outing are on view at the Booth Theatre in his thoughtful play, A Walk In The Woods, scheduled for a London production at the end of this year. In it the two thinly disguised officials take not one but four walks over a long series of negotiations, stretching into several seasons, beautifully evoked by Bill Clarke's understated forest set

On one level the relationship between the cool, formal and academic American (Sam Waterston) and the experienced, funny and aphoristic Russian (Robert Prosky) is another Odd Couple or I'm Not Rappaport, another study in comparisons between two very different but ordinary men forced to get along together. The difference here to get along together. The university lies that the future survival of the planet may depend on how well they succeed.

A Walk In The Woods is literate and funny, full

of lines you wish you'd thought of first. "Formality is simply anger with its hair combed" is just one that stays in the consciousness.

The play is weakened by its unwillingness to explore the real issues of nuclear weapons just as Breaking The Code was strengthened by its painstaking explanations of cryptography. It focuses instead on the development of the relationship between the two men. It discusses friendship, the process of negotiation, frustration, public relations versus substantive progress and the yaming gulf of cultural differences which makes real understanding impossible. Robert Prosky (nominated for Best Actor)

gives a superb performance as the cheerful gives a supero performance as the cneerful cherub with the right Russian mixture of puckish humour and sharp edginess born of justifying too many unjustifiable positions. He has seen too many meetings and fought the same battles too many times to believe that this time will be

Sam Waterston as the idealistic but humourless American has by far the less rewarding role and succeeds often in looking merely pained by the Russian's more adventurous excesses. The American, in the endearing manner of many Americans, believes instinctively that solutions are not just possible but inevitable. The Russian remains cynical. To him goes the play's central questions, "If we do agree" he asks, "do you think it will matter?"

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ON THE RECORD

at Jonathan Miller's Old Vic towards the end of this year, John Yap's TER ecords have rush-released the cast album Records recorded during the production's debut at the Theatre Royal Glasgow a few weeks ago and prior to its current provincial tour. That dazzling Bernstein score is back in full force, and for those of us who have been making do these last thirty years with a somewhat scratched LP of the original Broadway cast, this new Scottish Opera recording is more than welcome.

Candide itself has a curious history: Bernstein began writing it in the early 1950s, broke off to write West Side Story (for which some of the Candide music was eventually destined and vice versa: Officer Krupke was meant as a song for Candide called Where Does it Get You in the End? while O Happy We was originally written for the bridal shop in West Side Story but finished up in Candide) and then returned to complete the score only to have it flop on Broadway despite a Tyrone Guthrie production, and Max Adrian as Pangloss, and an overture which is in my unhumble opinion the best written for any American musical in this century.

Candide lived on however thanks to the first recording, and became like Sondheim's Anyone

Can Whistle one of those flops that everyone always wants to see revived; Sondheim had indeed been asked to work by Bernstein on the first production while they were together on West Side Story, but it wasn't until twenty years later that the two men went back to the show, abandoned Lillian Hellman's Libretto and came up with a revised version that is only now being seen for the first time in Britain in a production by Jonathan Miller and John Wells.

To judge it purely by the recording, with the orchestra and chorus of Scottish Opera directed by Justin Brown, we are in for a treat at the Vic: true. Nickolas Grace's Pangloss seems to lack some of the mimitable warmth and resonance of Max Adrian on that first classic disc, but Marilyn Hill Smith is a lyrical Cunegonde and Mark Beudert sounds like an amiable hero. This may not be the best of all possible worlds, and we may never get a *Candide* on the musical stage to suit all the complexities of Voltaire's masterpiece, but as the only Bernstein/Sondheim collaboration outside of West Side Story this is a score of considerable fascination, not least because it has considerable tascimatori, in the least observable as mincreasing castlist of collaborators: the Bernstein/Hellman original has now been variously worked over by Sondheim, Hugh Wheeler, Richard Wilbur (who wrote many of the surviving lyrics from the original) John LaTouche, John Wells and John Mauceri: if they haven't got it right by now, I guess they never will.

Sheridan Morley

STREET HEATRE QUIZ

A Summer Special: ten quotations, all from classic plays and most should therefore be reasonably familiar; award yourself a bonus if you can identify the author AND the play.

- If only I could get down to Sidcup: I've been waiting for the weather to break.
- 2 Elle a des idées au-dessus de sa gare. Kiss me Kate: we will be married o'Sunday.
- Extraordinary how potent cheap music is.
- 5 Well, Sir, you never can tell: that's a principle in life with me.
- 6 There will be days and days and days like this.
- 7 A circulating library in a town is an evergreen tree of diabolical knowledge.
- 8 If I continue to endure you a little longer, I may by degrees dwindle into a wife.

I can resist everything except temptation. 10 Mother, give me the sun.

ANSWERS

10 Henrik Ibsen, Chosts

Oscar Wilde, Lady Windermere's Fan

William Congreve, The Way of the World

RICHART BRINSLEY Sheridan, The Rivals David Hare, Plenty

Ceorge Bernard Shaw, You Never Can Tell

NOSI COMSIG DURSES FINES

weillem shakespeare, the Taming of the Shrew

Terence Rattigan, French Without Tears

Harold Pinter, The Caretaker

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